# A Narrative on Calligraphy by Sun Guoting

Revised and Enhanced Edition

英譯書譜增訂版

KS Vincent POON (潘君尚) BSc, CMF, BEd, MSc

Kwok Kin POON (潘國鍵) BA, DipEd, MA, MPhil, MEd, PhD



First Edition March 2019

Published by
The SenSeis 尚尚齋
Toronto
Canada
www.thesenseis.com
publishing@thesenseis.com

ISBN 978-1-989485-10-1

All Rights Reserved © 2019 The SenSeis

In Loving Memory of Our Beloved

Pui Luen Nora TSANG(曾佩鑾)

觀 娱 到 是日也天朗 盛 湍 チ 永 也奉賢畢至少長成 一觞一部上是以畅 信 坐其次雅 朠 字 游 滞 九 回 宙 目 年歲 之大俯 缫 轉棟足い極 左右 L 陰之蘭 氣清惠風 也夫人之相 林 無 在癸五暮春 引以為 侑 察 絲 竹又 m 45 亭 管 流 視 顟 有 期 叙 10 俑 集 觴 聽 之初會 之 蒋 佰 畅 逃 楔 此 派 冊 盛 え lip 100 情 え 波 地 事 JK.

欣倪仰 北 趣 茲 辫 随 期 知 世或取諸 倉 痛 不 阿 松 老之将至及其所之既惨 国寄所託 事 合一契未當不能久境悼不 nz 萬 盡古人之死生之大 遇 我每攬者人與感之由 遷感 之興樓况情 之削 静 浔 懷 八卷 妮 放浪形象之外 松 跺 抱 係も E 不 悟 陳 短 快快 同 言一室之 矣 些 當 随 独自忍不 向 狷 其 矣 化 农 於 竹書 內

## **Table of Contents**

Introduction5
PART ONE: English Translation of <i>A Narrative on Calligraphy (Shu Pu)</i>
Paragraph 1: On the Four Meritorious Calligraphers of the Han and Jin dynasties as well as the nature of unadorned simplicity and refined elegance in the art of calligraphy9
Paragraph 2: On basic scribing techniques and their essential elements and properties
Paragraph 3: On the applications of the art of calligraphy19
Paragraph 4: On the flaws commonly seen in learning calligraphy during the Eastern Jin and the Southern dynasties21
Paragraph 5: On the various scripts in calligraphy23
Paragraph 6: On specialization of one particular script, adeptness in scribing both standard and cursive scripts, as well as personal temperament
Paragraph 7: The impact of the environment, conditions, and circumstances on scribing calligraphy as well as the inadequacies in narrating the art
Paragraph 8: On the principles in deciding the topics and materials to be included in Shu Pu as well as limiting the scope of it to the period between the Eastern Han and Southern dynasties31
Paragraph 9: On holding and moving the brush37
Paragraph 10: Brief discussion on the exemplary masterpieces scribed by Wang Xizhi ( <i>王羲之</i> )39
Paragraph 11: The art of calligraphy is evolved from one's mindset and emotions, holding one's original nature in the highest regard41
Paragraph 12: On the overall structures and layouts in the art of calligraphy43

Paragraph 13: The three stages in learning calligraphy - the proper and balanced stage, the daring and risky stage, and the thoroughly comprehended and harmonized stage
Paragraph 14: Common missteps and misconceptions in learning calligraphy (in Sun Guoting's times)47
Paragraph 15: The important aspects that learners should pay attention to
Paragraph 16: On the speeds of moving the brush - "Slow and Heavy", "Strong and Swift", and "Stay and Hold"50
Paragraph 17: On "Bones", "Tendons", and "Flesh"
Paragraph 18: Overall discussion on the ultimate path in pursuing the art of calligraphy - reverting back to one's true nature and conforming to the laws of the Natural Universe
Paragraph 19: Comprehending and Not Comprehending58
Paragraph 20: Conclusion - the reason behind naming this document as "Shu Pu (A Narrative on Calligraphy)"62
PART TWO: Footnotes and Bibliography
Footnotes67
Bibliography141
PART THREE:  Modelling of A Narrative on Calligraphy
Modelling of <i>A Narrative on Calligraphy</i> by KS Vincent Poon 144

#### INTRODUCTION

### Introduction

(I)

A Narrative on Calligraphy (書譜, pronounced as Shu Pu) was written in 687AD by the renowned Tang dynasty calligrapher Sun Guoting (孫過庭, or Sun Qianli 孫虔禮) of the seventh century and is regarded to be one of the most important narratives in studying the art of Chinese calligraphy. The Chinese title, 書譜, is translated into English by others as Treatise on Calligraphy or Manual of Calligraphy yet "Treatise" or "Manual" is far less accurate than "Narrative" in translating the word "譜" in this context, as both words do not bear the meaning of "recording and narrating"."

The presumable original masterpiece of *A Narrative on Calligraphy* can be observed in the National Palace Museum, Taipei, Taiwan. However, whether this is a partial, complete, or simply the preamble of Sun Guoting's *A Narrative on Calligraphy* is still in question.

(II)

Aside from its aesthetic beauty, *A Narrative on Calligraphy* is an early document that analyzes and details the art of Chinese calligraphy in a relatively more systematic manner. Hence, its textual content is often considered to be an important resource for studying and understanding Chinese calligraphy. Drawing from traditional Chinese values and philosophies, Sun Guoting provided a narrative that outlined the aesthetics and techniques in calligraphy as well as his deliberation on the importance of one's temperaments/conducts in writing good calligraphy. Therefore, it

#### A NARRATIVE ON CALLIGRAPHY

is a must-read for anyone who is interested in studying Chinese calligraphy or traditional Chinese culture.

(III)

This book is the revised edition of my 2018 book of the same title and delivers an even more precise translation with 20 titled thematic paragraphs that is based on Kwok Kin POON's *The Vernacular Chinese Translation of Sun Guoting's A Narrative on Calligraphy* (孫過庭書譜白話對譯. Toronto: The SenSeis, Feb. 2019).

This book has three parts. Part one is the annotated line-by-line English translation of the original text. Part two highlights the translation's explanatory footnotes that are written by referencing numerous historical texts; these footnotes not only include in-depth elaborations, but also illustrate the many fundamental misinterpretations made in the translations by Chang Ch'ung-ho & Hans H. Frankel<sup>v</sup> and Pietro De Laurentis<sup>vi</sup>. Finally, part three is a model (臨寫) of *A Narrative on Calligraphy* scribed by myself.

It is our sincere hope that this book can help readers to achieve a more in-depth, correct, and clear understanding of Sun Guoting's philosophies towards Chinese calligraphy.

KS Vincent POON March 2019

i. Chang Ch'ung-ho & Hans H. Frankel, *Two Chinese Treatises on Calligraphy*. New Haven & London: Yale University Press, 1995.

ii. Pietro De Laurentis, *The Manual of Calligraphy by Sun Guoting of the Tang.* Napoli: Universita degli Studi di Napoli "L'Orientale", 2011.

iii. The word "譜" in Kangxi Dictionary (《康熙字典》) is defined as "籍錄也(to record and narrate)".

iv. 啟功〈孫過庭書譜考〉。《啟功叢稿》北京: 中華書局, 1999, pp.105-108。

v. Chang Ch'ung-ho & Hans H. Frankel, ibid.

vi. Pietro De Laurentis.ibid.